

AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 18, 2016

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 14, 2016

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2015–16 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1637

Introduced by ~~Committee on Budget (Assembly Members Ting (Chair), Travis Allen, Bigelow, Bloom, Bonta, Campos, Chávez, Chiu, Cooper, Gordon, Grove, Harper, Holden, Irwin, Kim, Lackey, McCarty, Melendez, Mullin, Nazarian, Obernolte, O'Donnell, Patterson, Rodriguez, Thurmond, Wilk, and Williams)~~
Assembly Member Low
(Coauthors: Assembly Members Gatto, Gordon, Irwin, and Mullin)

January 7, 2016

An act relating to the ~~Budget Act of 2016~~; to amend Sections 379.6 and 2827.10 of the Public Utilities Code, relating to energy.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1637, as amended, ~~Committee on Budget Low. Budget Act of 2016. Energy: greenhouse gas reduction.~~

(1) Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission (PUC) has regulatory authority over public utilities. Existing law requires the PUC to require the administration, until January 1, 2021, of a self-generation incentive program for distributed generation resources and energy storage technologies. Existing law authorizes the PUC, in consultation with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, to authorize the annual collection of not more than the amount authorized for the program in the 2008 calendar year.

This bill would increase the maximum annual collection the PUC may authorize for the program to double the amount authorized for the program in the 2008 calendar year.

(2) Existing law requires an electrical corporation to file with the PUC a standard tariff providing for net energy meeting for eligible fuel cell customer-generators and make the tariff available, on a first-come-first-served basis, until the total cumulative rated generating capacity of the eligible fuel cell electrical generating facilities receiving service pursuant to the tariff reaches a level equal to the electrical corporation's proportionate share of a statewide limitation of 500 megawatts cumulative rated generation capacity served (program cap). Existing law requires the eligible fuel cell customer-generator to meet certain requirements, including requirements that the customer-generator uses: (A) a fuel cell electrical generation facility with a capacity of not more than one megawatt and (B) technology the PUC has determined will achieve certain reductions in emissions of greenhouse gases. Existing law provides that fuel cell electrical generation facilities are not eligible for the tariff unless the facilities commence operation prior to January 1, 2017.

This bill would increase the program cap by authorizing 500 megawatts in addition to the total installed capacity as of January 1, 2017. The bill would increase to 5 megawatts the maximum amount of generation capacity for a fuel cell electrical generation facility in the program. The bill would require, by March 31, 2017, the State Air Resources Board, in consultation with the Energy Commission, to establish a schedule of annual greenhouse gas emissions reduction standards, as specified, for fuel cell electrical generation resources and would require the PUC to determine if the technology used by the eligible fuel cell customer-generator will achieve those standards. The bill would require the fuel cell electrical generation resource to comply with emission standards adopted by the State Air Resources Board under the distributed generation certification program.

This bill would provide that fuel cell electrical generation facilities are not eligible for the tariff unless the facilities commence operation on or before December 31, 2021.

~~*This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory changes relating to the Budget Act of 2016.*~~

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: ~~no~~-yes.
State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 *SECTION 1. Section 379.6 of the Public Utilities Code is*
2 *amended to read:*

3 379.6. (a) (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that the
4 self-generation incentive program increase deployment of
5 distributed generation and energy storage systems to facilitate the
6 integration of those resources into the electrical grid, improve
7 efficiency and reliability of the distribution and transmission
8 system, and reduce emissions of greenhouse gases, peak demand,
9 and ratepayer costs. It is the further intent of the Legislature that
10 the commission, in future proceedings, provide for an equitable
11 distribution of the costs and benefits of the program.

12 (2) The commission, in consultation with the Energy
13 Commission, may authorize the annual collection of not more than
14 *double* the amount authorized for the self-generation incentive
15 program in the 2008 calendar year, through December 31, 2019.
16 The commission shall require the administration of the program
17 for distributed energy resources originally established pursuant to
18 Chapter 329 of the Statutes of 2000 until January 1, 2021. On
19 January 1, 2021, the commission shall provide repayment of all
20 unallocated funds collected pursuant to this section to reduce
21 ratepayer costs.

22 (3) The commission shall administer solar technologies
23 separately, pursuant to the California Solar Initiative adopted by
24 the commission in Decisions 05-12-044 and 06-01-024, as modified
25 by Article 1 (commencing with Section 2851) of Chapter 9 of Part
26 2 of Division 1 of this code and Chapter 8.8 (commencing with
27 Section 25780) of Division 15 of the Public Resources Code.

28 (b) (1) Eligibility for incentives under the self-generation
29 incentive program shall be limited to distributed energy resources
30 that the commission, in consultation with the State Air Resources
31 Board, determines will achieve reductions in emissions of
32 greenhouse gases pursuant to the California Global Warming
33 Solutions Act of 2006 (Division 25.5 (commencing with Section
34 38500) of the Health and Safety Code).

35 (2) On or before July 1, 2015, the commission shall update the
36 factor for avoided greenhouse gas emissions based on the most
37 recent data available to the State Air Resources Board for
38 greenhouse gas emissions from electricity sales in the

1 self-generation incentive program administrators' service areas as
2 well as current estimates of greenhouse gas emissions over the
3 useful life of the distributed energy resource, including
4 consideration of the effects of the California Renewables Portfolio
5 Standard.

6 (c) Eligibility for the funding of any combustion-operated
7 distributed generation projects using fossil fuel is subject to all of
8 the following conditions:

9 (1) An oxides of nitrogen (NO_x) emissions rate standard of 0.07
10 pounds per megawatthour and a minimum efficiency of 60 percent,
11 or any other NO_x emissions rate and minimum efficiency standard
12 adopted by the State Air Resources Board. A minimum efficiency
13 of 60 percent shall be measured as useful energy output divided
14 by fuel input. The efficiency determination shall be based on 100
15 percent load.

16 (2) Combined heat and power units that meet the 60-percent
17 efficiency standard may take a credit to meet the applicable NO_x
18 emissions standard of 0.07 pounds per megawatthour. Credit shall
19 be at the rate of one megawatthour for each 3,400,000 British
20 thermal units (Btus) of heat recovered.

21 (3) The customer receiving incentives shall adequately maintain
22 and service the combined heat and power units so that during
23 operation the system continues to meet or exceed the efficiency
24 and emissions standards established pursuant to paragraphs (1)
25 and (2).

26 (4) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a project that does not meet
27 the applicable NO_x emissions standard is eligible if it meets both
28 of the following requirements:

29 (A) The project operates solely on waste gas. The commission
30 shall require a customer that applies for an incentive pursuant to
31 this paragraph to provide an affidavit or other form of proof that
32 specifies that the project shall be operated solely on waste gas.
33 Incentives awarded pursuant to this paragraph shall be subject to
34 refund and shall be refunded by the recipient to the extent the
35 project does not operate on waste gas. As used in this paragraph,
36 "waste gas" means natural gas that is generated as a byproduct of
37 petroleum production operations and is not eligible for delivery
38 to the utility pipeline system.

39 (B) The air quality management district or air pollution control
40 district, in issuing a permit to operate the project, determines that

1 operation of the project will produce an onsite net air emissions
2 benefit compared to permitted onsite emissions if the project does
3 not operate. The commission shall require the customer to secure
4 the permit prior to receiving incentives.

5 (d) In determining the eligibility for the self-generation incentive
6 program, minimum system efficiency shall be determined either
7 by calculating electrical and process heat efficiency as set forth in
8 Section 216.6, or by calculating overall electrical efficiency.

9 (e) Eligibility for incentives under the program shall be limited
10 to distributed energy resource technologies that the commission
11 determines meet all of the following requirements:

12 (1) The distributed energy resource technology shifts onsite
13 energy use to off-peak time periods or reduces demand from the
14 grid by offsetting some or all of the customer's onsite energy load,
15 including, but not limited to, peak electric load.

16 (2) The distributed energy resource technology is commercially
17 available.

18 (3) The distributed energy resource technology safely utilizes
19 the existing transmission and distribution system.

20 (4) The distributed energy resource technology improves air
21 quality by reducing criteria air pollutants.

22 (f) Recipients of the self-generation incentive program funds
23 shall provide relevant data to the commission and the State Air
24 Resources Board, upon request, and shall be subject to onsite
25 inspection to verify equipment operation and performance,
26 including capacity, thermal output, and usage to verify criteria air
27 pollutant and greenhouse gas emissions performance.

28 (g) In administering the self-generation incentive program, the
29 commission shall determine a capacity factor for each distributed
30 generation system energy resource technology in the program.

31 (h) (1) In administering the self-generation incentive program,
32 the commission may adjust the amount of rebates and evaluate
33 other public policy interests, including, but not limited to,
34 ratepayers, energy efficiency, peak load reduction, load
35 management, and environmental interests.

36 (2) The commission shall consider the relative amount and the
37 cost of greenhouse gas emissions reductions, peak demand
38 reductions, system reliability benefits, and other measurable factors
39 when allocating program funds between eligible technologies.

1 (i) The commission shall ensure that distributed generation
2 resources are made available in the program for all ratepayers.

3 (j) In administering the self-generation incentive program, the
4 commission shall provide an additional incentive of 20 percent
5 from existing program funds for the installation of eligible
6 distributed generation resources manufactured in California.

7 (k) The costs of the program adopted and implemented pursuant
8 to this section shall not be recovered from customers participating
9 in the California Alternate Rates for Energy (CARE) program.

10 (l) The commission shall evaluate the overall success and impact
11 of the self-generation incentive program based on the following
12 performance measures:

13 (1) The amount of reductions of emissions of greenhouse gases.

14 (2) The amount of reductions of emissions of criteria air
15 pollutants measured in terms of avoided emissions and reductions
16 of criteria air pollutants represented by emissions credits secured
17 for project approval.

18 (3) The amount of energy reductions measured in energy value.

19 (4) The amount of reductions of customer peak demand.

20 (5) The ratio of the electricity generated by distributed energy
21 resource generation projects receiving incentives from the program
22 to the electricity capable of being produced by those projects,
23 commonly known as a capacity factor.

24 (6) The value to the electrical transmission and distribution
25 system measured in avoided costs of transmission and distribution
26 upgrades and replacement.

27 (7) The ability to improve onsite electricity reliability as
28 compared to onsite electricity reliability before the self-generation
29 incentive program technology was placed in service.

30 *SEC. 2. Section 2827.10 of the Public Utilities Code is amended*
31 *to read:*

32 2827.10. (a) As used in this section, the following terms have
33 the following meanings:

34 (1) "Electrical corporation" means an electrical corporation, as
35 defined in Section 218.

36 (2) "Eligible fuel cell electrical generating facility" means a
37 facility that includes the following:

38 (A) Integrated powerplant systems containing a stack, tubular
39 array, or other functionally similar configuration used to
40 electrochemically convert fuel to electricity.

1 (B) An inverter and fuel processing system where necessary.

2 (C) Other plant equipment, including heat recovery equipment,
3 necessary to support the plant's operation or its energy conversion.

4 (3) (A) "Eligible fuel cell customer-generator" means a
5 customer of an electrical corporation that meets all the following
6 criteria:

7 (i) Uses a fuel cell electrical generating facility with a *generating*
8 capacity of not more than ~~one megawatt~~ *five megawatts* that is
9 located on or adjacent to the customer's owned, leased, or rented
10 premises, is interconnected and operates in parallel with the
11 electrical grid while the grid is operational or in a grid independent
12 mode when the grid is nonoperational, and is sized to offset part
13 or all of the eligible fuel cell customer-generator's own electrical
14 requirements.

15 (ii) Is the recipient of local, state, or federal funds, or who
16 self-finances projects designed to encourage the development of
17 eligible fuel cell electrical generating facilities.

18 (iii) Uses technology the commission has determined will
19 achieve reductions in emissions of greenhouse gases pursuant to
20 subdivision (b), and meets the emission requirements for eligibility
21 for funding set forth in subdivision (c), of Section 379.6. (b).

22 (B) *Complies with the emissions standards adopted by the State*
23 *Air Resources Board pursuant to the distributed generation*
24 *certification program requirements of Section 94203 of Title 17*
25 *of the California Code of Regulations, or any successor regulation.*

26 ~~(B)~~

27 (C) For purposes of this paragraph, a person or entity is a
28 customer of the electrical corporation if the customer is physically
29 located within the service territory of the electrical corporation
30 and receives bundled service, distribution service, or transmission
31 service from the electrical corporation.

32 (4) "Net energy metering" means measuring the difference
33 between the electricity supplied through the electrical grid and the
34 difference between the electricity generated by an eligible fuel cell
35 electrical generating facility and fed back to the electrical grid over
36 a 12-month period as described in subdivision (e). Net energy
37 metering shall be accomplished using a time-of-use meter capable
38 of registering the flow of electricity in two directions. If the existing
39 electrical meter of an eligible fuel cell customer-generator is not
40 capable of measuring the flow of electricity in two directions, the

1 eligible fuel cell customer-generator shall be responsible for all
2 expenses involved in purchasing and installing a meter that is able
3 to measure electricity flow in two directions. If an additional meter
4 or meters are installed, the net energy metering calculation shall
5 yield a result identical to that of a time-of-use meter.

6 *(b) (1) Not later than March 31, 2017, the State Air Resources*
7 *Board, in consultation with the Energy Commission, shall establish*
8 *a schedule of annual greenhouse gas emissions reduction standards*
9 *for a fuel cell electrical generation resource for purposes of clause*
10 *(iii) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) and*
11 *shall update the schedule every three years with applicable*
12 *standards for each intervening year.*

13 *(2) The greenhouse gas emissions reduction standards shall*
14 *ensure that each fuel cell electrical generation resource, for*
15 *purposes of clause (iii) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (3) of*
16 *subdivision (a), reduces greenhouse gas emissions compared to*
17 *the electrical grid resources, including renewable resources, that*
18 *the fuel cell electrical generation resource displaces, accounting*
19 *for both procurement and operation of the electrical grid.*

20 ~~(b)~~

21 *(c) (1) Every electrical corporation, not later than March 1,*
22 *2004, shall file with the commission a standard tariff providing*
23 *for net energy metering for eligible fuel cell customer-generators,*
24 *consistent with this section. Subject to the limitation in subdivision*
25 ~~*(f);*~~ *(g), every electrical corporation shall make this tariff available*
26 *to eligible fuel cell customer-generators upon request, on a*
27 *first-come-first-served basis, until the total cumulative rated*
28 *generating capacity of the eligible fuel cell electrical generating*
29 *facilities receiving service pursuant to the ~~tariff~~ tariff, in addition*
30 *to the installed capacity as of January 1, 2017, reaches a level*
31 *equal to its proportionate share of a statewide limitation of 500*
32 *megawatts cumulative rated generation capacity served under this*
33 *section. The proportionate share shall be calculated based on the*
34 *ratio of the electrical corporation's peak demand compared to the*
35 *total statewide peak demand.*

36 *(2) To continue the growth of the market for onsite electrical*
37 *generation using fuel cells, the commission may review and*
38 *incrementally raise the limitation established in paragraph (1) on*
39 *the total cumulative rated generating capacity of the eligible fuel*

1 cell electrical generating facilities receiving service pursuant to
2 the tariff in paragraph (1).

3 ~~(e)~~

4 (d) In determining the eligibility for the cumulative rated
5 generating capacity within an electrical corporation's service
6 territory, preference shall be given to facilities that, at the time of
7 installation, are located in a community with significant exposure
8 to air contaminants or localized air contaminants, or both,
9 including, but not limited to, communities of minority populations
10 or low-income populations, or both, based on the ambient air
11 quality standards established pursuant to Division 26 (commencing
12 with Section 39000) of the Health and Safety Code.

13 ~~(d)~~

14 (e) (1) Each net energy metering contract or tariff shall be
15 identical, with respect to rate structure, all retail rate components,
16 and any monthly charges, to the contract or tariff to which the
17 customer would be assigned if the customer was not an eligible
18 fuel cell customer-generator. Any new or additional demand
19 charge, standby charge, customer charge, minimum monthly
20 charge, interconnection charge, or other charge that would increase
21 an eligible fuel cell customer-generator's costs beyond those of
22 other customers in the rate class to which the eligible fuel cell
23 customer-generator would otherwise be assigned are contrary to
24 the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section, and shall not
25 form a part of net energy metering tariffs.

26 (2) The commission shall authorize an electrical corporation to
27 charge a fuel cell customer-generator a fee based on the cost to
28 the utility associated with providing interconnection inspection
29 services for that fuel cell customer-generator.

30 ~~(e)~~

31 (f) The net metering calculation shall be made by measuring
32 the difference between the electricity supplied to the eligible fuel
33 cell customer-generator and the electricity generated by the eligible
34 fuel cell customer-generator and fed back to the electrical grid
35 over a 12-month period. The following rules shall apply to the
36 annualized metering calculation:

37 (1) The eligible fuel cell customer-generator shall, at the end
38 of each 12-month period following the date of final interconnection
39 of the eligible fuel cell electrical generating facility with an
40 electrical corporation, and at each anniversary date thereafter, be

1 billed for electricity used during that period. The electrical
2 corporation shall determine if the eligible fuel cell
3 customer-generator was a net consumer or a net producer of
4 electricity during that period. For purposes of determining if the
5 eligible fuel cell customer-generator was a net consumer or a net
6 producer of electricity during that period, the electrical corporation
7 shall aggregate the electrical load of the meters located on the
8 property where the eligible fuel cell electrical generating facility
9 is located and on all property adjacent or contiguous to the property
10 on which the facility is located, if those properties are solely
11 owned, leased, or rented by the eligible fuel cell
12 customer-generator. Each aggregated account shall be billed and
13 measured according to a time-of-use rate schedule.

14 (2) At the end of each 12-month period, where the electricity
15 supplied during the period by the electrical corporation exceeds
16 the electricity generated by the eligible fuel cell customer-generator
17 during that same period, the eligible fuel cell customer-generator
18 is a net electricity consumer and the electrical corporation shall
19 be owed compensation for the eligible fuel cell
20 customer-generator's net kilowatthour consumption over that same
21 period. The compensation owed for the eligible fuel cell
22 customer-generator's consumption shall be calculated as follows:

23 (A) The generation charges for any net monthly consumption
24 of electricity shall be calculated according to the terms of the tariff
25 to which the same customer would be assigned to or be eligible
26 for if the customer was not an eligible fuel cell customer-generator.
27 When the eligible fuel cell customer-generator is a net generator
28 during any discrete time-of-use period, the net kilowatthours
29 produced shall be valued at the same price per kilowatthour as the
30 electrical corporation would charge for retail kilowatthour sales
31 for generation, exclusive of any surcharges, during that same
32 time-of-use period. If the eligible fuel cell customer-generator's
33 time-of-use electrical meter is unable to measure the flow of
34 electricity in two directions, paragraph (4) of subdivision (a) shall
35 apply. All other charges, other than generation charges, shall be
36 calculated in accordance with the eligible fuel cell
37 customer-generator's applicable tariff and based on the total
38 kilowatthours delivered by the electrical corporation to the eligible
39 fuel cell customer-generator. To the extent that charges for
40 transmission and distribution services are recovered through

1 demand charges in any particular month, no standby reservation
2 charges shall apply in that monthly billing cycle.

3 (B) The net balance of moneys owed shall be paid in accordance
4 with the electrical corporation's normal billing cycle.

5 (3) At the end of each 12-month period, where the electricity
6 generated by the eligible fuel cell customer-generator during the
7 12-month period exceeds the electricity supplied by the electrical
8 corporation during that same period, the eligible fuel cell
9 customer-generator is a net electricity producer and the electrical
10 corporation shall retain any excess kilowatthours generated during
11 the prior 12-month period. The eligible fuel cell customer-generator
12 shall not be owed any compensation for those excess kilowatthours.

13 (4) If an eligible fuel cell customer-generator terminates service
14 with the electrical corporation, the electrical corporation shall
15 reconcile the eligible fuel cell customer-generator's consumption
16 and production of electricity during any 12-month period.

17 (f)

18 (g) A fuel cell electrical generating facility shall not be eligible
19 for the tariff unless it commences operation ~~prior to January 1,~~
20 ~~2017, on or before December 31, 2021,~~ unless a later enacted
21 statute, that is chaptered ~~before January 1, 2017, on or before~~
22 ~~December 31, 2021,~~ extends this eligibility commencement date.
23 The tariff shall remain in effect for an eligible fuel cell electrical
24 generating facility that commences operation pursuant to the tariff
25 ~~prior to January 1, 2017, on or before December 31, 2021.~~ A fuel
26 cell customer-generator shall be eligible for the tariff established
27 pursuant to this section only for the operating life of the eligible
28 fuel cell electrical generating facility.

29 ~~SECTION 1. It is the intent of the Legislature to enact statutory~~
30 ~~changes relating to the 2016 Budget Act.~~

31
32
33 CORRECTIONS:

34 Heading—Line 7.
35